

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JULY 22, 1865.

[No. 1349]

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On TUESDAY next,
at 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,
RUM

in hds. and bla. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bla.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bla.
Sugar in hds. tierces and bla.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and
Mould and dip Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Eggs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c. &c. Also,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kersemeres,
Duffels, Plaids, Kerseys, Negro Cottons,
Serge, Elastic, blue Friezes,
Quincees, Ruffs, Yarn Stockings,
Dresses and Calicoes,
Fish Linens, Silks do.
Onionburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Mullin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery and Table Cloths,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colored Threads, Hats and sundry other
articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

10 pipes well flavor'd Holland
Gin,
60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil,
100 lbs. German Ticklenburgh
1 cask Britannias,
1 do. Plutilla Royal,
Just Imported from Rotterdam,
In the brig Nancy, Spalding,
AND FOR SALE BY
J. & T. Vowell,
WHO HAVE IN STORE,
A few pipes old Madeira Wine, fit
for immediate use,
Three hds. old Grenada Rum,
Three casks Clover Seed,
Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy,
Cash given for Otter and
Mink Skins.

April 21. d

JAMES SANDERSON
Has received, in addition to his late general sup-
plies, which he will sell, by the quantity, ve-
ry low, and on liberal credit;
10 pipes 4th proof Cogniac Bran-
dy,
4 puncheons second proof Antigua Rum,
20 barrels New England ditto,
5 pipes particular Peninsular Wine,
10 half pipes do. do. do.
25 casks claret, 2 and half dozen in each,
9 boxes best London Mustard, 15 dozen
do. do. Double Gloucester Cheese,
10 hogsheads Black Quart Bottles.

ALSO,
10 hogsheads Virginia TOBAC-
CO now in store.

May 31. d

BUILDING LOTS.
HALF an acre of ground, on the
corner of Washington and Duke streets,
will be laid off in lots, to suit applicants, and
will be sold at a moderate annual rent forever.

HEWES & MILLER.

This day is Published,
For Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S Book
store, and THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)
AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY,
for Renouncing the Jurisdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.

By Robert Marshall, John Dunlavy, Richard
McNemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompson.
May 2.

A few Copies of the American
Gardener, for sale by Robert Gray, in
King Street.

FOR LIVERPOOL,



The SHIP
WILLIAM,
Captain John Bacon;

Two hundred and 64 tons burthen, nearly
new. Advances, will be made on consignments
per this vessel. The freight will be moderate.
Apply to

William Hodgson.

July 2.

Mackarel & Whiskey.

110 barrels of MACKAREL just received,
per schooner Hiram, from Rhode Island:

ALSO,

35 barrels strong proof RYE WHISKEY—
and
30 kegs manufactured James-River TOBAC-
CO, warranted good. These articles will be
sold low. Apply to

John & Thomas Vowell.

July 16.

JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE, BY

JOHN G. LADD,

A few barrels black Varnish,
do. Pitch,
100 barrels Boston Beef,
50 kegs Raisins
Soap and Candles, in boxes,
100 lbs. Nutmeg and Cloves,
New Rum, in hogsheads and barrels,
Three bales Russia brown Sheetings,
A parcel of Blocks, Malt-Hoops, Pumps, &c.
July 15.

On Wednesday, the 10th instant, between the
Branch Bank of Washington and Alexandria,
A BILL, drawn by Mr. John Proudfoot, of
Norfolk, on Mr. Buller Cooke, of Wash-
ington, for 500 dollars, dated Norfolk, 25th
day of June, at 60 days, in my favor; accepted
29th, and endorsed by me.

Any person having found this Bill, will be
pleased to deposit it at the Branch Bank, in
Washington, or deliver it to the subscriber.
The payment being stopped, it can be of no use
to the finder.

William Hodgson.

Alexandria, July 13.

LOST,
On Wednesday, the 10th instant, between the
Branch Bank of Washington and Alexandria,
A BILL, drawn by Mr. John Proudfoot, of
Norfolk, on Mr. Buller Cooke, of Wash-
ington, for 500 dollars, dated Norfolk, 25th
day of June, at 60 days, in my favor; accepted
29th, and endorsed by me.

Any person having found this Bill, will be
pleased to deposit it at the Branch Bank, in
Washington, or deliver it to the subscriber.
The payment being stopped, it can be of no use
to the finder.

William Hodgson.

Alexandria, July 13.

POTOMAC COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual
Meeting of the Stockholders of the Potomac
Company, will be held according to law at
the Union Tavern in George Town, on Monday
the 5th day of August next, on which occasion a
full meeting of the proprietors is requested, when
the proceedings of the Board of Directors, toge-
ther with the disbursements of the Treasurer since
the last general meeting, will then be laid be-
fore them for their consideration.

By order of the Board,
Joseph Carleton,
Treasurer Potomac Company.

George Town, July 9. (10) d

TO RENT,
A convenient two-story Brick-house
on Wilkes street, opposite Capt. George Stacum's
—For terms apply to,
John C. Vowell.

July 6.

LAWRASON & FOWLE
Have just received, by the brig Harmony, Robert
B. Hall, master, from Boston,
8 bales best Beerboon Gurrahs
3 do. Sewing Twine
2 chests Young Hyson } FRESH TEAS,
5 do. Imperial
20 boxes best Spanish Segars
2 pipes first quality Cognac Brandy
40 barrels N. E. Rum
5 hds. retailing Molasses
7 barrels Sperm. Oil
A few boxes Sperm. Candles
40 boxes brown Soap
And a quantity of Plaster Paris.
July 6.

GUNPOWDER TEA.
A few boxes of the very best quality just
received by
Mandeville & Jameffon.

May 15.

Adventurers in Lottery No.
3, for the Encouragement of Literature, may
know the fate of their Tickets, on application
to the Printer, and paying 12 and half cents for
each ticket.
July 15.

SUGARS.

Seventy hds. and
Twenty-two bbls. } MUSCOVADE SUGAR,
Thirty one bags Cocoa, received by sloop Sloop
Diana, from Martinico—for sale on reasonable
terms by

John & Thos. Vowell

WHO HAVE ON HAND

Holland Gin of excellent flavor in
Pipes,
Fourth proof Brandy,
Jamaica Rum,
Liverpool Fine Salt,
1000 bushels Indian Corn,
1200 do. black-eyed Peas, in good ship-
ping order,

July 6. d

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
About 30,000
White Oak Hoghead & Barrel
Staves,

Of good quality: Also,
A few squared Logs of Walnut.
Wm. Hodgson.

July 5. d

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
69 barrels prime pork,
12 barrels peas, suitable for the West-India
market.

Wm. HODGSON.

July 3. d

The subscribers have just received, by
the Packet, from Norfolk,
30 barrels prime Beef,
20 do. Pork.

Lawrason & Fowle.

June 24. d

FOR SALE.
20 puncheons Jamaica RUM,
LAST YEAR'S CROP,
Just received and for Sale on reasonable terms.
John & Thos. Vowell.

May 9.

TUNIS CRAVEN,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
An elegant assortment of goods, selected from
the latest importations, in Phila-
delphia and Baltimore.

—AMONG WHICH ARE—
Superfine cloths and
cassimeres,
Cotton cassimeres,
White and coloured
jeans, nankeens and
fustians,
Long and short nan-
keens,
Blue do.
White and coloured
marcellines,
Waistcoating,
4-4 7-8, Irish lin-
ens, long lawns,
4-4 7-8, Shirting cot-
ton,
Irish and Flandersheet-
ing,
Plattillas,
Britannias,
Silk, cotton and thread
hosiery,
Diaper table cloths,
Napkins,
Chintz calicoes and
coloured cambricks,
Dimities,
6-4 9-8, Cambricks
mullins,
India, book, jaconet
and mull mull, mus-
lins,
Colonade and crossbar-
red striped cambricks
ditto,
Lace,
6-4, Lace shawls,
Long ditto,
Super broadened do.
English and French silk
gloves,
Kid ditto,
Pic nic mitts,
English split straw bon-
nets,
Madras and bandanna
handkerchiefs,
Batas,
Mammodies,
Gurrahs, &c. &c.

All of which he has determined to
sell at the most reduced prices.

May 26.

Milk Stones & Boulting-Cloths.
We want to buy one pair of
4 or 4 1/2 in half feet Cologne Mill-Stones.—
We have one pair of 6 feet Burr Mill-Stones for
sale: Also, five hundred dollars worth of Boul-
ting-Cloths; which will be sold a bargain; to
any body who will take the whole of them.
Hewes & Miller.

June 20. d

Fresh Fruit.

THIS DAY RECEIVED,
Per the schooner Eiza, from New-Providencia,
A quantity of
Pine-Apples, Limes, &c.
All in excellent order.

John A. Burford.

July 11.

Notice is hereby given,
To the Stockholders of the Bank of
Alexandria,

THAT a dividend of 4 per cent. on the ca-
pital stock of said Bank for the half year
ending this day, is declared, and will be ready
to be paid to them or their representatives, on
Friday next the 5th instant.

By order of the President and Directors,
GURDEN CHAPIN, Cashier.

July 2. d

Mandeville & Jameffon
Are now landing, and offer for Sale,
10 puncheons high proof Jamaica
Rum,
10 hogsheads Barbadoes Molasses,
8 hogsheads St. Croix Sugars,
Er. 15th F and FF Gunpowder,
Philadelphia Loaf Sugars,
Patent Shot and Bar-Lead.

May 29. d

BEEF AND PORK.
We have just received, prime and
mets Beef, in barrels and half barrels; prime
Pork, in barrels and half barrels—all of excel-
lent quality.

Hewes & Miller.

June 14. d

THE SUBSCRIBER,
AT HIS GROCERY STORE,
King near Washington Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED
FROM PHILADELPHIA, &c. &c.

—A SUPPLY OF—
6000 lbs. green coffee,
14 hds. St. Croix and St. Martins sugar,
New York and Philadelphia, loaf and lump
sugars.

Old 4th proof Jamaica Spirits,
Do. 2d and 3d proof St. Croix rum,
Cognac brandy,
Holland gin,
Whiskey and
New England rum,
Choice old Madeira,
Sherry,
Lithon,
Teneriffe,
Malaga and
Port.

Claret in cases,
20 Boxes fresh muscatel raisins,
Very best chocolate,
Dixon's best mustard,
Sallad oil, &c.

With a general assortment of groce-
ries as usual.

The whole of which are of a superi-
or quality, and will be sold on the most reasona-
ble terms.

JAMES BACON.

May 14. d

WILLIAM OXLEY
HAS ON HAND,
Which he will dispose of on terms advantageous
to the purchasers, for cash or notes,
The following Articles, viz.

Superfine and second cloths
Kerseymeres and swandowns
Bearskins and fearpongs
Durants and callimancoes
Bombazers and wildbores
Common and bold'd camblets
Silk, cotton, and worsted hosiery
English extra long silk gloves
Silk twist and thread
Diaper and common tapes
Paper and pound pins
White and printed marcellines
Laces, edgings and gimpes
Elegant black and white face veils
Patent do. do.
Satin peeling and silk handkerchiefs
4-4, 9-8, and 6-4 Cambricks mullins
India jaconet do.
Fustians, buckram, &c. &c.

ALSO,
A few bales of Negro Caddies, and one trunk
silk and cotton flings.

January 7.

From the Richmond Enquirer.

STATISTICAL VIEW OF VIRGINIA.

The following is a copy of a Circular Letter, which the author proposes to address to men of activity and experience in different parts of the state. Could such a plan be carried into full effect, it would serve to bring together a mass of the most invaluable facts.

Richmond, July 5th 1805.

SIR,

In the progress of a history of Virginia, which I have undertaken and executed to some extent, it has occurred to me, that with the aid of a few intelligent persons in the different counties who would be kind enough to co-operate with me, another work, similar in its object might easily be performed. I mean an account of Virginia, nearly upon the plan of Sir John Sinclair, in relation to Scotland. Materials and facts will thus be collected, which, let their number be ever so small, may, at no distant period, be useful in political economy, natural history, biography, manufactures, agriculture, commerce, and other branches of science and of art. I therefore take the liberty of transmitting to you a schedule, containing the heads of enquiry concerning your county, and a space for observations, as your leisure will permit you to make. The scope of your observations must be submitted to your own judgment; since I cannot enumerate all questions which may arise, or even attempt an enumeration of them, without entering into a tedious conjectural detail.

Those heads are so numerous and so general, that I cannot hope for information upon all of them from any one County; and I entreat, that they may be passed over without a scruple, whenever they impose too much trouble. It may often happen however, that you can refer me to some other gentlemen, who are capable of assisting me in particulars out of your own power. Documents and other sources of intelligence, not immediately within your own reach.

Should the column, reserved for answers and remarks be too confined, be pleased to transfer them to another paper.

If your leisure shall suffer you to indulge me with your attention, I will thank you for an early reply, through the mail, which I prefer, as the safest mode of conveyance.

I am Sir,

With great esteem,

Your most

Obedient servant,

EDMUND RANDOLPH.

HEADS OF ENQUIRY.

I. The general situation, &c. of the county, under the following heads.

1. The time of its erection.
2. The counties, from which it was taken.
3. Its boundaries.
4. Its greatest length.
5. Its breadth in different places.
6. The number of acres.
7. The nature and extent of its shore below tide water.
8. A description of the soil in general.
9. Lakes, rivers, and tides and freshes, islands, mountains, remarkable hills, remarkable rocks, remarkable woods, caves, mineral waters.
10. Towns.
11. Number of dwelling houses.
12. Climate and diseases.
13. Remarkable roads.
14. Fisheries.
15. In general any advantages or disadvantages, to which the county is liable.

II. Population, &c.

1. For the total number of inhabitants, and the discriminations of them, we must probably depend at present on the census.
2. Number of marriages annually, of births annually, of births from each marriage, generally speaking, of deaths annually, of families

3. Number of inhabitants in the towns, which are not particularized in the census.
4. Number of bachelors.
5. Number of widows.
6. Number of females unmarried.
7. Number of merchants.
8. Physicians, including surgeons and apothecaries, schoolmasters and schools, tavern-keepers and taverns, smiths of different kinds, bricklayers, masons, carpenters, shoemakers, tanners, and tanneries, tailors, hatters, butchers, bakers, lawyers, sailors, any other profession, by which an honest livelihood is gained, number of the poor, and workhouses, and poor tax.
9. Instances of longevity.
10. Men distinguished for any particular talent.
11. Particular customs and manners.
12. Particular height or size.

III. Religion.

1. Sects of religion.
2. Places of worship.
3. Probable numbers of each sect.
4. Distinguished preachers.

IV. Architecture, &c.

1. The public buildings, exclusive of such as are common to all counties.
2. Private buildings, which are considered as remarkable.
3. Is any model or style of building generally observed.
4. What materials for building, such as stone, brick, and timber, are to be had in sufficient quantities.
5. What houses appear to be constructed in relation to the particular climate.
6. The bridges of any consideration.

V. Agriculture.

1. The manures used.
2. Instruments of culture.
3. Animals employed.
4. Times of preparing the ground for different purposes.
5. The usual produce, upon an average of seasons, in wheat, corn, tobacco, clover, potatoes, or any other vegetable, raised on a larger scale than that of family consumption.
6. Peculiar circumstances that may have occurred in a few years past in relation to the crops, under the heads of frost, snow, drought, hail, rain, heat, blight, weevil, Hessian fly, rust, mildew, and observations on the weather, including thunder and lightning and violent storms.
7. Prices of provisions.
8. Prices of labour.

VI. Natural History.

1. Animals; horses, oxen, mules, asses, sheep, hogs, reptiles, insects, any other animals, useful or injurious.
2. Vegetables; trees for timber, for ornament, for fruit, for fuel, shrubs, garden vegetables, flowers in the garden and woods, roots fit for men or other animals, poisonous vegetables, vegetables for dyeing, medicine, vegetables of any other description.
3. Minerals; ores, particularly iron, earths for manures or the arts, salts, stones, pitcoal. The predominant qualities of mineral waters in the county.

VII. Manufactures, &c.

Of cotton, wool, flax, hemp, for family clothing, or other purposes, iron-works, manufactures in iron; in any other metal, potteries, ship-building, fulling-mills, merchant mills, grist mills, saw mills, pot-ash.

VIII. Manufactures, &c.

Cyder, brandy, carriages, distilleries, clockmaking, saddlery, shoes, leather, soap, snuff or tobacco, skins and furs.

IX. Commerce.

1. What commodities are sent from your county by land or internal navigation?
2. What are the markets in Virginia, in the rest of the United States, beyond the United States?
3. The harbors.
4. Number and kind of vessels.
5. Do you depend on imported articles instead of home manufactures, or to what degree?
6. What number of slaves or free people of color are employed in internal navigation?
7. The prices of freight or land carriage, upon the most considerable articles, from the principal towns in Virginia or in the other United States.

X. Public Revenue.

This will be generally found in the auditor's office; and therefore the enquiry concerning it will not be impos-

sible on you. But if the mode of taxation can in your opinion be improved, be pleased to suggest it.

XI. Miscellaneous.

1. Curiosities of nature.
2. Considerable works of art.
3. Antiquities.
4. Ferries.
5. Post offices.
6. Newspapers.
7. Any thing peculiar to your county.

I think it probable, that after receiving your answers I may wish to put other questions, which arise out of the answers themselves.

Perhaps too in some interval between the terms of the superior courts in Richmond, I may find an opportunity of detailing what may be called a statistical account of Henrico, in which I live. If I do so, I will send you a copy, as being more explanatory of my ideas.

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.

Yesterday arrived, schooner Deborah, captain Kent, from Malaga, which he left the 5th May, in company with ship Commerce, for New York.

Left there, brig Charles, of and for Charleston, in 6 days; and ship Yorick, of Newburyport, at quarantine, her destination unknown. On the 1st of July, lat. 40, 30, long. 67, 30, spoke brig Mary, Crocker, 73 days from the Cape of Good Hope for Boston; and on the 2d of July, in lat. 40, 20, long. 68, 30, spoke the brig Leopard, Samuel Baker, 4 days from Salem for Havana.

Captain Williamson, of the brig Jane, (whose arrival we mentioned yesterday,) says, on his voyage he spoke the British frigate Pallas, capt. Cochran, and the Volunteer of Jersey, by both of whom he was examined and treated politely; but on the 6th of June, at 11 o'clock, A. M. he saw several sail to the N. W. standing to the N. E. one of which hauled her wind and stood for him, at half past noon, she fired a gun and shewed British colors; captain W. immediately hoisted his American ensign; at one, she being then to windward, and close to the Jane, fired some small arms, on which she hove too; the British then ordered captain W. to hoist out his boat immediately or he would fire into him, captain Williamson informed him, that having broke the stern post of his boat in Bordeaux, he did not believe she would swim? on which this Hero fired several musket shot through the brig's sail and rigging, & was preparing a caronade on the quarter deck to fire into the Jane. Captain W. then at the risk of his boat and people, hoisted her out and sent his mate and four people on board with his papers, which they effected with much risk, a hand being scarce able to keep the boat free, she made so much water. The Jane's boat was scarcely on board, when the frigates boat came along side the Jane, with orders for captain W. to go on board, which he peremptorily refused to do, knowing no right they had to take him out of his brig, more especially as he had but two hands and no navigator on board. On the boats return to the ship capt. W. was ordered to stand after the ship, which he was under the necessity of doing, tho' it was direct contrary to the course he ought to steer, as they detained his boat, mate and four people on board. At 4 o'clock captain W. handed several of his sails, and hoisted his colors half mast, 60 odd sail then in sight. At 6 o'clock the Briton discharged the Jane's people and boat, who after rowing two or three leagues, got along side the brig about eight o'clock in the evening, the boat being full of water, and nearly ready to sink. Captain Williamson thinks that the under officers must have been ashamed of the rascally conduct of their captain, as they would neither tell his name nor that of the ships. Captain W. believes it was the Fairy. Captain Williamson, on the 23d May,

in side the Cordovan, spoke the brig Elizay, of Boston, from New York, out 28 days. July 2, lat. 38, long. 69, spoke the brig Maria, of Baltimore for Amsterdam, out 3 days; and on the 3d, in lat. 40, long. 73, spoke schooner Clarissa, Thompson, of and for Wiscasset, from Barbadoes, out 26 days.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

MONDAY, JULY 22.

From Cadix.—Captain Seward, who arrived at Boston the 12th inst., informs, that there were 5 sail of the Spanish line lying in the bay ready for sea, one of 140 guns, 2 of 74, and 64, and 4 others were to drop down in a few days, and wait the arrival of *two* more from Carthage, which were hourly expected. There was no account from the combined fleet, since they left Cadix; their destination was still a secret.—Capt. S. also informs, that General Mureau had had a friendly hint to leave Spain; and was to take passage either in the ship Sachem, of Wiscasset, for Boston, or in the Washington, for New Bedford.

Capt. Marshall, who arrived at Boston from St. Bartholomews, reports, that he spoke a vessel from Guadeloupe, the master of which informed, that the Antigua fleet of merchantmen captured by the French and Spanish squadrons had arrived at that place; and that in consequence thereof, the markets for sugar and coffee had experienced a deep depression, the former having been reduced to four dollars and the latter to twelve.

Capt. White, arrived at Charleston on the 6th inst., informs, that a few days before he sailed, a Danish vessel arrived at Havana from St. Thomas; the master of which reported that on his passage eastward of Cape Maize, (east of Cuba) he fell in with 3 French line of battle ships, which he supposed were bound for some of the ports of Cuba.

Captain Ogilvie, of the brig Eliza, who arrived at New York on Wednesday from Cadix, informs, that the Carthage fleet passed Malaga a few days before he sailed. Captain Ogilvie further states, that it was further reported at Cadix, as well as at Malaga, that the British government having considered the circumstances of the capture of the three Spanish frigates previous to a declaration of war, had offered to restore them to Spain, together with the treasure on board of them at the time of their capture; but that the Spanish government indignantly refused the offer, observing at the same time that Great Britain could make no restitution for the valuable lives lost during the illegal engagement.

It appears certain that the Spanish Government has combined, in concert with that of France, a vast plan of military operations, the execution of which will give a deadly blow to the power of England. The secret is however perfectly preserved, and the extent of their plan will only be known at the moment when it will be out of the power of the enemy to oppose them. The armament of the Spanish fleet at Ferrol was entirely completed on the 25th of March. This fleet consists of twelve sail of the line, without including frigates and corvettes, and French vessels. [Late Paris paper.]

Communication for the N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.

PARA MARI BO.

NOTIFICATION.

By Brigadier General William Carleton Hughes, commanding his majesty's land forces in the colony of Surinam, and lieutenant governor of the same, &c. &c.

It having been found necessary, from representation made to the lieutenant governor, to order, that neutral vessels trading to this port shall moor in a given spot, and not be allowed, as heretofore, promiscuously to anchor amongst the other vessels; the harbour master is hereby authorized and directed to point out, below Fort Zelandia, the precise anchorage for neutrals. Further that no boat or punt shall be permitted to pass to or from such vessel before the hour of six in the morning or after six in the evening for the purpose of loading or unloading, and that after eight night no communication whatever by boats of any description shall be allowed with said neutrals, unless in cases when urgent necessity shall be made to appear, under a penalty of 50 guilders for each offence.

Given under my hand at Paramaribo in the colony of Surinam, this 8th day of May 1805.

WM. CARLYON HUGHES.

From Cobett's Political

Some persons have tal know that they have ever commit their opinions to plying Jamaica and the lands, from our own dom on the face of the matte any man, if he thinks we them from England and really thinks we have any to spare? And, if we ha imagines that the planter could find the means of them? No; but might no supplied from British No with timber, scantling, gies, and staves; they mig tish North America, there enough to prepare those They might, too, thence with salt shad, herrings, cod; but there wants the and cure, and the vessel them. But as to provi flour, biscuit, Indian me, pease, pork, and beef, w of the West-Indies being those articles from Britiha rica, is a dreamer.

Our possessions in No are, Newfoundland, Nova Brunswick and Canada; a I believe, the last excepte from being able to supply dies with provisions, that selves are indebted for a part of their provisions to States! Canada can exp little indeed of either flo and let it be recollected, whatever comes from th must descend the river S the navigation of which, f to the mouth, requires u age, a space of time equ quired in a passage from V maica. Indeed, to talk the West Indies from our rican colonies, is an abs treated with silent conten

The whole of the food of tants of the West Indies from the United States.

ticularly beef and butter Ireland; but this is co small; not exceeding in tenth part, perhaps, of w ed by the American states.

too, produce a part of the lary for the support of their

It would be difficult to co exact estimate of the an supply from each source r bul, of the share which th states has in it, some idea

ed from the contents of a sented to the legislative as

maica in December last; fr

then it appears, that the American provisions, purc

ple of the king's troops and ships upon that station, in

three years, ending in Sep was to the following enorm

For the troops, 27,458 bar amounting to 105,881. F

46,687 cwt. of biscuit; 20 of flour; 1,422 barrels of

barrels of pork; 12,332 bu 152,645 barrels of rice,

lbs. of tobacco. All this of only three years, and t

forces too; to those who a posed to be ever under the

of the government at home care is, in fact, always tak

in part at least, with provi mother country. Let any

then of the degree, in which tants of Jamaica are suppli

American states, and of th an interruption of the pi

course, must occasion to t

Such being a true repre

the case, what can have b

ive that induced his majo

to give "imperative,"

governor of Jamaica to ill

ution of the 21st Novem

retext, it is said, is, that

van, spoke the bid
from New York, on
lat. 38, long. 69
ria, of Baltimore for
days; and on the
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JULY 22.

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Late Paris paper.]

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HUGHES.

From Cobden's Political Register.

Some persons have talked (I do not know that they have ever ventured to commit their opinions to paper) of supplying Jamaica and the rest of the islands, from our own dominions. Upon the face of the matter, let me ask any man, if he thinks we could supply them from England and Ireland? If he really thinks we have any quartern loaves to spare? And, if we had them, if he imagines that the planters of Jamaica could find the means of purchasing them? No; but might not the island be supplied from British North America! with timber, scantling, boards, shingles, and staves; they might, if in British North America, there were hands enough to prepare those materials.— They might, too, thence be supplied with salt shad, herrings, salmon and cod; but there wants the hands to catch and cure, and the vessels to convey them. But as to provisions—as to flour, biscuit, Indian meal, and corn, pease, pork, and beef, whoever talks of the West-Indies being supplied with those articles from British North America, is a dreamer.

Our possessions in North America are, Newfoundland, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Canada; all of which, I believe, the last excepted, are so far from being able to supply the West Indies with provisions, that they themselves are indebted for a considerable part of their provisions to the United States! Canada can export but very little indeed of either flour or flesh; and let it be recollected, besides, that whatever comes from that province must descend the river St. Laurence, the navigation of which, from Quebec to the mouth, requires upon an average, a space of time equal to that required in a passage from Virginia to Jamaica. Indeed, to talk of supplying the West Indies from our North American colonies, is an absurdity to be treated with silent contempt.

The whole of the food of the inhabitants of the West Indies does not go from the United States. A part, particularly beef and butter, goes from Ireland; but this is comparatively small; not exceeding in amount, a tenth part, perhaps, of what is supplied by the American states. The islands too, produce a part of the food necessary for the support of their inhabitants.

It would be difficult to come to a very exact estimate of the amount of the supply from each source respectively; but, of the share which the American states has in it, some idea may be formed from the contents of a return, presented to the legislative assembly of Jamaica in December last; from which return it appears, that the quantity of American provisions, purchased for the use of the king's troops and for the king's ships upon that station, in the space of three years, ending in September last, was to the following enormous amount. For the troops, 27,458 barrels of flour, amounting to 105,881. For the ships, 46,687 cwt. of biscuit; 20,445 barrels of flour; 1,422 barrels of beef; 1,552 barrels of pork; 12,332 bush. of pease; 152,645 barrels of rice, and 90,958 hhd. of tobacco. All this in the space of only three years, and to the king's forces too; to those who are to be supported to be ever under the special care of the government at home, and whom care is, in fact, always taken to supply, in part at least, with provision from the mother country. Let any one judge, then of the degree, in which the inhabitants of Jamaica are supplied from the American states, and of the ruin which an interruption of the present intercourse, must occasion to the former.

Such being a true representation of the case, what can have been the motive that induced his majesty's minister to give "imperative" orders to the governor of Jamaica to issue the resolution of the 21st November? The pretext, it is said, is, that information

had been received of the smuggling of gin, brandy, and East India goods, into the West Indies in American vessels, and thereby injuring the commerce and revenue of the mother country; but, if this fact was truly alledged, why not make such regulations in the custom houses of the islands as would prevent the success of this contraband trade? And besides, does any one imagine that the prohibition of the present intercourse will prove to be a remedy for this evil? Does any one believe, that smuggling is not likely to be carried on in British as well as in American ships, sailing from the same ports? This must be a mere pretext: and, when we are informed, that the order went out by the October packet, it is by no means difficult to conceive why Mr. Pitt should wish to make the planters of Jamaica feel the effects of his return to power. They had remonstrated against his taxes upon their produce, they had called those taxes oppressive; they had ventured to express their satisfaction that he and Mr. Dundas had been succeeded by persons less hostile to their interests, less deaf to their complaints, less indifferent to their distresses. After all, taxation is at the bottom. The ministers must have taxes, *coute qui coute*. The continent of America was lost by the rigors of taxation; and, it is greatly to be feared, that the islands will be lopped off by the same fatal influence. What! some one will say, will the loyal inhabitants of Jamaica, rather than share the burthens of the mother country, seek to break in under the hands of their connection with her? No: I am persuaded that there is not a county in England more firmly and affectionately attached to the throne and to the person of his majesty than the colony of Jamaica is. But, this is not the question. The question is, will the inhabitants of Jamaica quietly submit to utter ruin, rather than legally use their utmost exertions to enjoy their share, whatever it may be, of the liberties and prosperity of the Empire? That they ought not, nobody will deny; and that they will not, every one who has been an observer of their conduct, must be thoroughly convinced.

From a late French paper.

THE EMPEROR OF HAYTI.

[AN OVERCHARGED PORTRAIT.]

The two worlds have already recoiled with the name and the acts of barbarity of J. J. Dessalines; but few persons have learned the train of uninterrupted crimes and atrocities of this African, whose ferocity is at least equal to, if it does not surpass, that of tigers.

Dessalines, transported from the coast of Guinea to St. Domingo, served as a domestic to a free negro proprietor, of the name of Dessalines, when the insurrection broke out. He was then called Jean Jacques, and commenced the career of his crimes by assassinating his master, of whose name and effects he immediately took possession. He then joined himself to the bands of Blasson, who had been proclaimed chief of the insurgents. He obtained in this body the command of a small corps, with which, like a torrent, he over-ran the most fertile and populous part of the country, in order to seek for objects on whom he might exercise his cruelty. Death marched in his train, and presented itself in the most terrific forms; neither sex, age or rank, were respected; a speedy death was a favour, in comparison of the slow and dreadful tortures which he inflicted on a venerable old man, on the mother of a family, and even on an infant in the cradle. This barbarian has caused a Police officer, of the name of Blew, to be nailed to the door of his own house, and ordered

his limbs to be cut off by a hatchet, one by one. Soon after, he happened to discover the retreat of a poor carpenter; he wished him to undergo a species of suffering emblematical of his profession; in consequence of which, he had him fastened between two boards, and sawed across. Blasson had fixed his head quarters in a sugar plantation which necessity alone had induced him to spare. It was there he deposited all the spoils of the unhappy colonists who had fallen beneath the fury of the blacks. There were seen heaped together in the square, bloody arms and brilliant ornaments; mathematical instruments, and iron pots; vessels of plate and foul linen; china vases, and skins of animals; costly diamonds, and human skulls, in the hair of which they remained fastened: superb carpets, and disgusting rags. On certain days these spoils were distributed to those who had executed the greatest number of massacres, or burned the greatest number of habitations; and the great chief, after having praised their zeal, advanced them accordingly.

Stimulated by cupidity or ambition Dessalines resolved to secure the good will of Blasson by a great act of atrocity. One day, when this chief of the blacks had set out on an expedition, which would keep him at a distance for some time, he seized the opportunity of his absence to execute the project he meditated. He advanced rapidly, with a force in his hand, towards a part of the island where insurrection had not yet extended its ravages. He succeeded in taking three hundred prisoners, most of whom were women, children, and old men, whom he conducted, in chains to the camp of Blasson; and, on the eve of the day when the chief of the blacks was expected to return to quarters, he caused these three hundred victims to the massacred, and their heads fixed on the spikes which surrounded the first court of the habitation of the chief.

Blasson, on his arrival, contemplated with a ferocious joy, this spectacle so well worthy of such a cannibal. He congratulated Dessalines on his zeal, and appointed him to a situation in his guards. Such was the cause of the advancement of this ferocious African in the black army. It was at this time that Touffaint Louverture appeared in the camp of Blasson, who, charmed to find a man who could read and write, received him and made him his private secretary, and soon after capt. of his guards. It was then that the intimacy of Touffaint and Dessalines commenced. This last continued to enjoy the confidence of Blasson, who charged him with the direction of the tortures inflicted on the whites, who had been made prisoners.

Blasson was not less terrific than Dessalines; this last, and Touffaint Louverture, leagued themselves with a chief of the army, named Jean Francois, and resolved to depose Blasson, whom they sent prisoner to St. Augustine, where he died in despair. Touffaint Louverture soon became the only chief of the colony; but a deep laid scheme of Dessalines, and a man of the name of Christophe, overturned the projects of Touffaint Louverture, who was arrested and sent to France.— Dessalines, by slow degrees, shook off all authority; he formed for himself a guard and a staff, with which he took possession of the head quarters of the insurgents, commanded the incendiaries, and presided at their massacres.— We already know his horrid proclamations, and the foregoing details give a precise idea of his character. Since he became governor general of the island, he affects a magnificence as expensive as capricious. His army is reduced to 20,000 men, amongst whom there are hardly 5000 fit to carry arms; but, in case of a new enterprise by the French, he has adopted a system of de-

fence which must ultimately end in the ruin and destruction of almost all the cities which yet exist in the colony.

MINOR THEATRE:

Adjoining Mr. POCAR'S Garden.

MR. MAGINNISS solicits the patronage of the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Alexandria and its vicinity, for TUESDAY EVENING, July 23, 1805, to a variety of Entertainments, as will be expressed in the bills of the day—and at the same time offers them, nothing shall be wanting to render them both pleasing and instructive.
July 22. 21

PUBLIC SALE.

To be SOLD, at Public Sale, for ready money, on MONDAY, the 12th of August, next, *The House and Lot* lately occupied by Mr. Alexander Henderson, adjoining the town of Alexandria. The sale will take place on the premises, at one o'clock, P. M.
July 22.

For Sale—or to Let,

THE DWELLING-HOUSE which I now occupy, on Royal Street. As I am going to remove, possession may be had the first day of August.

J. SMITH.
law

JUST RECEIVED,

Per the Sloop Unity, One Trunk with SILK SUSPENDERS, and a Box very fine LACES.

And in Store,

About 80 Tierces of strong Stone Lime; a few Quarter Casks of excellent Sherry Wine, and a few Pipes of Holland Gin; 40 barrels of Beef, Boston inspection; and 33 kegs of Philadelphia Butter.

A. W. Preuss, & Co.
July 22. d3c

Just Arrived, and for Sale, On board schooner *Almira* from New-Bedford, at Harper's wharf,

80 tons PLAISTER
30 bls. MACKEREL
ESSENCE SPRUCE
A quantity of OARS
4 pieces elegant HORSE FURNITURE, &c.
—ALSO—

WANTED, FREIGHT for New York or Boston.
July 22 d3c

Forty Dollars Reward. RAN AWAY

FROM the subscriber on the 8th April 1805, a small Negro Man named NACE, 21 years old, about five feet high, dark complexion, a small scar on his upper lip, quick spoken: had on when he went away ozoaburg shirt, striped cotton round over jacket, white dimity waistcoat, striped cotton pantaloons and a straw hat, but no doubt he has changed his dress by this time: he was seen at the fishing landings on the Potomac a few days after he left home: Probably he might get a passage in a fishing vessel to Baltimore or elsewhere: Whoever apprehends and secures the said negro man in any jail, or brings him home, so that I may get him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, including what the law allows.

THOMAS MUDD,

Prince George county, near Piscataway, Maryland.
July 22. law311

PUBLIC SALE.

To be Sold, at Public Auction, FOR READY MONEY,

On the 12th day of AUGUST next, between the hours of eleven and two of that day, at the door of the Coffee House in the city of Alexandria—

Four Acres and seven-eighths of an Acre of Ground, contiguous to the town of Alexandria, formerly conveyed to JAMES WILSON, merchant, lately deceased—or so much thereof as will be sufficient to answer the purpose of paying the charges of such sale, and also the sum of fourteen hundred and seventy six dollars and sixty-eight cents, the amount of two promissory notes, due to Nathaniel Pendleton, from the said Wilson, and also such interest as may be then due thereon; pursuant to a deed of trust to us the subscribers for that purpose, recorded in the office of the circuit court for the district of Columbia, in the county of Alexandria, 16th July, 1805.

CHARLES SIMMS,
GEORGE DENEALE,
EDMUND I. LEE.

July 19. 2awtdf
CASH will be given for a Servant, who can be recommended for sobriety and carefulness, and who has been accustomed to the management of horses. None else need apply, to the Printer.
June 27. 201m

Notice is hereby Given,
That in pursuance of an act of Assembly, of the Commonwealth of Virginia, establishing a Town at the Courthouse of this County, on the lands of Richard Ratchiff, by the name of Providence. We the subscribers, trustees therein named, will proceed to sell at Public Auction, on Monday the 19th day of August next, (being the first day of August court) the several LOTS in the said town, as laid out, condemned, and directed to be sold by the said act—A plan of which will be shown, and the terms made known on the day of sale.

Charles Little,
W. Payne,
Richard Fitzhugh,
Daniel McChichester,
Francis Coffey,
Richard Bland Lee,
John C. Hunter,
William Middleton.

Fairfax County the 2d
day of July, 1805. } (5) e019A.

HUGH SMITH,
HAS JUST RECEIVED,
BY THE

William from Liverpool,

A supply of Queens Ware, with the stock before on hand, received by the United States and the Medway, will enable him to supply his customers, with a complete assortment of

Queens Ware, Glass and China.
FOR SALE,

On board the William,

6000 bushels Liverpool Coarse
and fine SALT.

June 10. WT F. & raw 2m.

FOR SALE,

The FARM on which I live,

CONTAINING between 5 and 600 acres of level Land, well adapted in general to receive the Plaster of Paris as a manure—on the post-road from the City of Washington to Port Tobacco, and about 8 miles below Piscataway. On it is every necessary building, plenty of excellent spring water and a pump at the door—fruit trees in abundance and great variety, an excellent kitchen garden, several clover lots, some valuable low meadow ground, and wood and timber to last many years. Persons wishing to purchase, it is presumed will view the premises previous to any contract, and therefore a further description is unnecessary.

If I sell the land, it shall be given up to the purchaser 1st January next—And previous to that time, I will sell

All my moveable Property & Crop made, with some few exceptions.

Being extremely infirm and unable to manage a farm, my object is to retire to some town or city and spend the remnant of my life.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in hand, one third at the end of 12 months from the day of sale, and the remaining one third at the end of two years, with legal interest thereon. Bonds with security, and a lien on the land, will be required.

George Lee.

Charles County, May 4. oawtf

CONCERT-HALL,

Boston, May, 1805.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, and those Gentlemen of the Southern States who may visit this part of the Continent during the Summer season, that the House known by the name of *Concert-Hall*, situate in a very central and pleasant part of the town, (corner of Court and Hanover-streets) has been fitted up at a very great expence with the genteelst accommodation.

These Gentlemen who may wish for Boarding and Lodging, it is presumed cannot find a more eligible and convenient House, or a more grateful reception than from the present occupant of *Concert-Hall*, whose assiduity to serve them shall exceed the liberality of their patronage.

T. WHITCOMB.

raw 3m.

STOLEN.

ABOUT a fortnight ago, TWO SILVER DESERT SPOONS, London make; the letter H engraved on the handles. Whoever can give information by which the Spoons can be recovered, shall receive a reasonable reward, and the full value paid for the detection of the thief.

Apply to the Printer.

July 17.

NOTICE.

The subscriber intending shortly to remove to Kentucky, requests all persons having claims against him to bring them forward, properly authenticated, for payment; and all those indebted to him are requested to pay their respective accounts previous to the first day of August next, to him or Mr. James Millan, in Alexandria. Those failing to comply as above, need not expect any further indulgence.

William Millan,
Fairfax County, (Virginia)
2aw 3w. raw 1st Aug.

June 10.

The Subscriber,

Anxious to close all his outstanding concerns,
WILL OFFER FOR SALE,

On the premises, on Wednesday the 31st instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on very liberal terms, which will then be made known,

Twelve valuable Building Lots,

In the town of Alexandria, adjoining the ground of Messrs. Herbert, Thompson & Wilson, near the river, and between Queen and Cameron streets.

And on the following day, at 11 o'clock, at the Coffee-House,

The DWELLING HOUSE in which the subscriber lives, which is large, commodious, well finished, and in as good a situation for business as any in town.

Also—One sixteenth part of a Tract of LAND of upwards of eighteen thousand acres, on the Rappahannock, near Fredericksburg, which contains an inexhaustible body of iron ore of excellent quality, and a company is now formed to prosecute the iron business extensively on it, which will, in all probability, render it a very productive estate.

Also—About Nine Thousand Acres of LAND on the south fork of Kentucky river, and on which it is said a Salt Spring has lately been discovered.

As the subscriber is very desirous of selling, to enable him to prosecute with more attention an object he is engaged in near Philadelphia, he will take much less than the real value for the whole or any part of this property, or if applied to, will treat privately for any part of it.

JOHN POTTS.

Alexandria, July 19. e00ds

LANDS FOR RENT.

I will rent, of my estate in Caroline county, 5000 acres, for a term of 7 years. A considerable part of this land lies immediately on the Mattaponi river, and will produce five barrels of corn per acre; 'tis generally in good condition for farming; the low grounds some of which are in meadow, and are perhaps equal to any in the State.

I will likewise Rent, for the same term,

Two thousand acres in the county of Orange, adjoining the Court-house. This and is well known for producing fine tobacco.—For further particulars enquire of

JOHN BAYLOR,

New-Market, near the Bowling Green

July 9. 2aw 6w

PUBLIC SALE.

AGREEABLE to an order of the Worshipful Court of Fairfax county, made at March term, 1805; we the subscribers will offer for sale, on the 31 day of August next, at the house of William Jacobs, in said county, our likely Virginia born slaves for cash; belonging to the estate of John Hampton jun. deceased; for the purpose of making a division amongst the heirs of the deceased.

THOMAS POLLARD, jun. } Com'rs.
RICHARD SIMPSON, }
WILLIAM SIMPSON, }

June 15. 2aw 1f

TO BE LET,

The HOUSE on Fairfax-street now occupied by Mr. James H. Hooc. Possession will be given on the first of July. Apply to Mr. JOHN TUCKER, of Alexandria. The vacant LOTS on King, Columbus, and Washington streets; the LOTS on the Mall, lately advertised for sale; or any other Lots belonging to the subscriber, for sale by him, on reasonable terms.

STEPHEN COOKE.

Leesburg, May 22. raw

Twenty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, early in June last, a Negro Man named

GEORGE;

(Formerly the property of R. Fitzhugh) ABOUT 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, stout made, 24 or 25 years of age—has a large bushy head, with remarkable thick lips and angles, and a down look. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing him in any jail so that I get him again, on application to JOHN HODGKIN, at the Indian Queen Tavern, Alexandria.

Thomas Barrett.

July 17. e03 *

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, a Mulatto Man—a slave—named

SAM;

ABOUT 5 feet 10 inches high, 35 years old—who is a good kitchen gardener, and also a good shoemaker—he is fond of liquor, and licks when speaking. The above reward will be paid on apprehending and confining the above named runaway so that his owner may get him again, and reasonable charges if brought to

HARRIET L. MAUND,

Nomony Hall,

Westmoreland County:
or GEORGE CARTER,
Oatlands, near Leesburg, (Vir.)
June 27. e021

PUBLIC SALE.

Will be Sold, at Public Sale,

On the first day of August, (if not disposed of at private sale, previous to that time)

All my PROPERTY in the town of Alexandria,

Situated on KING-STREET—Consisting of A new two-story Brick House, two Framed Houses, and the Ware-House at present occupied by myself—Also,

One unimproved Lot, on Fayette-street. The above property is subject to a ground-rent of twenty dollars, eight pence. For terms apply to the subscriber,

John Violett.

February 21. oaw 1st Aug.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of Administration on the personal estate of William Ramsay Wilson, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 26th day of December next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand, this 26th day of June, 1805.

William-Ramsay, Adm'r.

N. B. All persons indebted to the above estate are requested to make immediate payment to the administrator.

For Sale—for Cash,

On the second day of August next, at twelve o'clock,

An unimproved LOT of ground, in the town of Colchester, adjoining the warehouse building on the creek: Also,

Will be sold, on the 24th of August, to the highest bidder;

Two improved LOTS, situated at West-End. The terms of sale are—One third cash—and the balance in one and two years, with bond and approved security.

John Simpson.

July 9. raw 3w

FOR SALE,

250 Acres of Land, in the district of Columbia, about 5 miles from Alexandria and 2 from George Town: A large proportion is woodland of a good quality, abounding with good springs and handsome situations. I would lay off this land to accommodate those who may wish to buy from two acre lots to twenty, or sell it altogether. A small part of the purchase money will be required; and for the balance a liberal credit will be given. Any person wishing to buy, may be shown the land by William Snellum, who resides upon it; and leave their names with Mr. John Gadby, of Alexandria.

Sundry Lots may be had on ground rent, upon Duke-street, adjoining to Mr. Jacob Shuck's.

G. CHAPMAN.

June 13. raw 1f

20 Dollars Reward.

ABSCONDED from the subscriber's house, near town, on Monday last, a NEGRO MAN slave called

REUBEN,

STRONG, built, perfectly black, lounging walk and addicted to drinking—His dress, a ticklenburg jacket and trowsers; he had, however, other clothes.

He is well known in this neighborhood, having long been a stage driver, particularly between Colchester and this place.

It taken in or near town a reasonable reward will be given, if 50 miles from home Twenty Dollars, and proportionable for a less distance. Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against taking off, or harboring him.

W. M. HODGSON.

Alexandria, July 17. d

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, from the subscriber, on the 7th of July,

A Negro Man, named LIGE;

He is an able strong fellow, large bushy head, green eyes, much pitted with the small pox, very black, has a scar on his cheek, remarkable bad countenance, fond of company and strong drink. It is presumed that he is harbored by the free negroes of this town, or gone to Dumfries where he was raised. It taken within the neighborhood of Alexandria, I will pay TEN DOLLARS, and Three Shillings for every mile that he may be taken from town, and reasonable charges paid until it amounts to Twenty Dollars.

Reuben Johnston.

July 10. e03t. 2aw 2w

N. B. He follows the sea-faring business.

TO BE HIRED,

BY THE YEAR OR MONTH, A smart, active Negro Boy, About 14 years of age—Apply to the Printer.

June 8. e0

VALUABLE FAMILY MEDICINES.

Just received direct from the Patentees and FOR SALE BY JAMES KENNEDY, JUN. DRUGGIST;

The following Valuable Medicines: Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious and Stomach Bitters.

PREPARED BY THOMAS H. RAWSON, Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the most rapid sale of any Patent Medicine ever before discovered, and are justly appreciated for their singular and uncommon virtues for restoring weak and decayed constitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints so common in the spring and fall seasons, such as intermittent Fevers and Agues, long Asthenical Fevers, dysenteries, &c. They are also a very pleasant bitter for common use, and where they are known they have taken the place and superseded the use of all other bitters in public houses as well as private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham) Bilious Pills. THE great sale and increasing demand for these valuable pills for these twelve years past, speak their intrinsic worth. They have proved singularly efficacious in Bilious, and Yellow Fevers, Jaundice, Head Aches, Dysenteries, Bilious Cholera, Colic, Female complaints, &c. The very great demand and high esteem in which these pills are held throughout the United States and the West Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaser is requested to observe that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Itch Ointment.

A certain and safe application for that disagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 40 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Anti-Bilious Pills, or, Family Physic.

The extraordinary celebrity these pills have gained, the universal demand for them and esteem in which they are held by medical men of the first eminence, are sufficient testimonials of their intrinsic worth. In great colics and sudden attacks of disorders, an early use of these pills often produces the happiest effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in cases of indigestion, flatulency, dyspepsia, pains in the stomach and bowels, dysenteries, diarrhoeas, dropsies, &c. and a liberal use of my anti-bilious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almost to a miracle.—Price 25 cents a box.

Thompson's Aromatic Tooth Paste

For the fever in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preserving the teeth. It likewise takes off all disagreeable smells from the breath, which generally arises from scorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paste is much in use, and highly esteemed by all those who value the preservation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greatest safety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawson's Worm Powder.

A medicine which for efficacy and safety in operation stands unrivalled. The most authenticated proofs and respectable authorities of its astonishing virtues, and surprising effects, in extreme and alarming cases of worms, may be seen at the place of sale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir, Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Spitting of blood, and all diseases of the Lungs. Its merits stand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.

Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.

Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of these valuable medicines.

He has likewise for Sale,

A general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few hand some Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof Vials; Essence of Spruce; Patent Blacking; Mustard and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels of feed Oil, which he will sell on reasonable terms for cash, or to punctual customers on a short credit.

A generous allowance will be made to those who purchase the above Medicines by the dozen.

March 27.

PRINTED DAILY, BY S. S. N. O. W. D. E. N.

Vol. V.]

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next, At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the V. R. U. M.

In this, and bts. French Brandy in Glin pipes and bts. Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bts. Sugar in hds, casks and bts. Chocolate White and brown Soap and Mild and dipt Candles Refined in kegs, boxes and jars, Vigs in kegs and frails, Queen's Ware in crates, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE &c. Also,

A Variety of DRY GOODS among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerfemes, Duffels, Plaines, Kerseys, Negro Cloths, Elasticks, blue Friezes, Calamcocks, Ruffs, Yarn Stockings, Chinases and Calicoes, Irish Linens, Silks do. Onaburgs and Ticklenburgs, Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs, India Muslins and Table Cloths, Hindiana Handkerchiefs, Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry articles.

Philip G. Man

Dec. 20. 10 pipes well flaver'd I

60 casks Dutch Linseed Oil, 2 bales German Ticklenburgh 1 case Britannias, 1 ds. Plaites Royal,

Just Imported from Rotterdam In the brig Nancy, Spald

AND FOR SALE BY J. & T. I.

WHO HAVE IN STORE, A few pipes old Madeira

for immediate use, Three hds. old Grenada Rum, Three casks Clover Seed, Ten pipes 4th proof Spanish Brandy

Cash given for O Mink Skins.

April 25. JAMES SANDERS

Has received, in addition to his late pills, which he will sell, by the gross, low, and on liberal credit;

10 pipes 4th proof Cognac

4 punchons second proof Antip 20 barrels New England 5 pipes particular Teneriffe Wh 12 half pipes do. do. do. 25 casks claret, 2 and half dozen 9 boxes best London Mustard each. 6 do. do. Double-Clouette 20 hogheads Black Quart Bottl

ALSO, 23 hogheads Virginia T CO now in store.

May 31. BUILDING LOT

HAL an acre of ground corner of Washington and D will be laid off in lots, to suit app will be had at a moderate annual

HEWES & MIL

June 19. This day is Publish

And for Sale at ROBERT GR store, and THIS OFFICE (PRICE TWENTY-FIVE C

AN ABSTRACT OF AN

A P O L O C

For Renouncing the Ju

OF THE SYNOD OF KENTU

BEING A Compendious View of the

AND A FEW REMARKS ON

CONFESSION OF FA

By Robert Marshall, John Dunl

McNair, Barton W. Stone, Joh

May 2. A few Copies of the

Gardener, for sale by Robe

King-Street.